	Case 3.19-07-07284-EMC D	ocument 15 Filed 11/08/19 Page 1 018
1 2 3 4 5 6 7		ATES DISTRICT COURT
8	NORTHERN DISTRICT CALIFORNIA	
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10	COMMODITY FUTURES) Case No: 3:19-cv-07284-EMC
11	TRADING COMMISSION)
12	Plaintiff,) PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION
13	vs.)
14	DENARI CAPITAL LLC, TRAVIS	Hearing Date: December 19, 2019Hearing Time: 1:30 PM
15	CAPSON, ARNAB SARKAR)
16	Defendants.)
17		
18		
19	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on December 19, 2019 at 1:30 p.m., Plaintiff Commodity Futures	
20	Trading Commission ("CFTC" or "Commission") intends to present this Motion before the Honorable	
21	Judge Chen, seeking an order of preliminary injunction against Travis Capson ("Capson"), Arnab Sarkar	
22	("Sarkar") and Denari Capital, LLC ("Denari") (collectively, "Defendants"). The CFTC requests an	
23	order enjoining Defendants from committing further violations of the Commodity Eychange Act	

Trading Commission ("CFTC" or "Commission") intends to present this Motion before the Honorable Judge Chen, seeking an order of preliminary injunction against Travis Capson ("Capson"), Arnab Sarkar ("Sarkar") and Denari Capital, LLC ("Denari") (collectively, "Defendants"). The CFTC requests an order enjoining Defendants from committing further violations of the Commodity Exchange Act ("Act"), 7 U.S.C. §§ 1-26 (2012), freezing Defendants' assets, requiring an accounting, permitting the inspection of books and records, and other equitable relief described in this Motion, and in Plaintiff's Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of this Motion, filed contemporaneously with this Motion. Contemporaneous with this Motion, the CFTC has or is filing: (1) a Complaint for Injunctive and Other Equitable Relief and Penalties Under the Commodity Exchange Act ("Complaint"); (2) a

Motion for Preliminary Injunction-1

Memorandum in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for a Preliminary Injunction ("Memorandum"); (3) an Appendix to Plaintiff's Memorandum ("Appendix") containing declarations, transcripts and exhibits thereto; (4) a Motion to Exceed Page Limits in the Memorandum; (5) a Motion for the Appointment of a Temporary Receiver; (6) a Motion for Expedited Discovery; and (7) Proposed Orders for these Motions.

In this Motion for a Preliminary Injunction, the CFTC seeks an order:

- (1) prohibiting Defendants from continuing to violate the provisions of the Act and Commission Regulations described in the Complaint, and in the accompanying Memorandum in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for a Preliminary Injunction;
- prohibiting Defendants from trading on or subject to the rules of any registered entity (as that term is defined in Section 1a of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 1a (2012));
- (3) prohibiting Defendants from entering into any transactions involving "commodity interests" (as that term is defined in Regulation 1.3(yy), 17 C.F.R. § 1.3(yy) (2014)) for their own accounts or for any account in which they have a direct or indirect interest;
- (4) prohibiting Defendants from (i) having any commodity interests traded on their behalf; (ii) controlling or directing the trading for or on behalf of any other person or entity, whether by power of attorney or otherwise, in any account involving commodity interests; or (iii) soliciting, receiving or accepting any funds from any person for the purpose of purchasing or selling any commodity interests;
- (5) prohibiting Defendants from applying for registration or claiming exemption from registration with the Commission in any capacity, and engaging in any activity requiring such registration or exemption from registration with the Commission, except as provided for in Regulation 4.14(a)(9), 17 C.F.R. § 4.14(a)(9) (2019);
- (6) prohibiting Defendants from acting as a principal (as that term is defined in Regulation 3.1(a), 17 C.F.R. § 3.1(a) (2019)), agent or any other officer or employee of any person (as that term is defined in Section 1a(38) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 1a(38) (2012)) registered, exempted from registration or required to be registered with the Commission except as provided for in Regulation 4.14(a)(9), 17 C.F.R. § 4.14(a)(9) (2019);
- (7) requiring Defendants to file with the Court, within ten days of the date of the Court's order of preliminary injunction, a complete and accurate accounting of all of Defendants' assets and liabilities, wherever located, together with all funds Defendants received from and paid to others in connection with commodity futures transactions or purported commodity futures transactions;
- (8) prohibiting Defendants and any firm, corporation, or other person or entity with notice that holds any accounts, funds, assets, or other property of Defendants from withdrawing, transferring, removing, dissipating, concealing, assigning, pledging, encumbering, disbursing, converting, selling, or otherwise disposing of, in any manner, any funds, assets, or other property of Defendants, wherever situated;

- (9) prohibiting Defendants, all persons insofar as they are acting in the capacity of Defendants' agents, servants, successors, employees, assigns, and attorneys, and all persons insofar as they are acting in active concert or participation with Defendants who receive actual notice of such order by personal service or otherwise, from destroying, mutilating, concealing, altering, or disposing of, in any manner, any books, records, or other documents of Defendants, including all such records concerning Defendants' solicitation and trading activities, wherever located;
- (10) prohibiting Defendants, all persons insofar as they are acting in the capacity of Defendants' agents, servants, successors, employees, assigns, and attorneys, and all persons insofar as they are acting in active concert or participation with Defendants who receive actual notice of such order by personal service or otherwise, from refusing to permit authorized representatives of the CFTC to inspect and copy, when and as reasonably requested, any books, records, or other documents of Defendants, including all such records concerning Defendants' solicitation and trading activities, wherever located, and whether they are in the possession of Defendants or others, either on or off the premises where they may be situated;
- (11) authorizing that copies of the order of preliminary injunction may be served by any means, including personal service, United Parcel Service, Federal Express, or other commercial overnight service, email, facsimile, Rule 5 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or Articles 2 through 10 of the Hague Convention, Service Abroad of Judicial and Extrajudicial Documents, upon any financial institution or other entity or person that may have possession, custody, or control of any documents or assets of Defendants or that may be subject to any provision of the order of preliminary injunction;
- (12) Appointment of a Temporary Receiver to implement the provisions of the Preliminary Injunction Order; and
- (13) awarding such further relief as the Court deems necessary and appropriate under the circumstances.

In further support of this Motion, the CFTC submits an accompanying Memorandum of Points and Authorities, and an Appendix containing supporting declarations, testimony and exhibits, all of which are incorporated into this Motion by reference. In brief, Defendants have cheated and defrauded at least 28 individuals, including by: (1) commingling their funds in a pooled investment scheme that included leveraged or margined off exchanged foreign currency ("forex") transactions; (2) misappropriating their funds; (2) making material misrepresentations and omissions about Denari; and (3) causing false account statements to be issued to participants misrepresenting the profitability of their respective interests in the forex pool, among other violations. Furthermore, Defendants have escaped regulatory scrutiny by failing to register with the Commission as required, and Capson and Denari made false statements to the National Futures Association ("NFA").

By engaging in this conduct and the conduct further described herein, Defendants engaged, are engaging, or are about to engage in acts and practices that violate the anti-fraud and registration provisions of the Act ("Act"), 7 U.S.C. §§ 1-26 (2012), and Commission Regulations promulgated thereunder, 17 C.F.R. pts. 1-190 (2019). Specifically, Defendants have:

- (a) violated anti-fraud provisions contained in Sections 4b(a)(2)(A)-(C) and 4o(1)(A)-(B) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. §§ 6b(a)(2)(A)-(C), 6o(1)(A)-(B) (2012), and Regulation 5.2(b)(1)-(3), 17 C.F.R. § 5.2(b)(1)-(3) (2019);
- (b) violated the registration requirements set forth in Sections 4m(1), 4k(2) and 2(c)(2)(C)(iii)(I)(cc) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. §§ 6m(1), 6(k)(2), 2(c)(2)(C)(iii)(I)(cc) (2012), and Regulation 5.3(a)(2)(i)(ii), 17 C.F.R. 5.3(a)(2)(i)-(ii) (2019);
- (c) commingled participant funds and failed to provide disclosure documents in violation of Regulations 4.20, 4.21, 4.24 and 4.25, 17 C.F.R. §§ 4.20, 4.21, 4.24, 4.25 (2019); and
- (d) Made false statements to the NFA in violation of Section 9(a)(4) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 13(a)(4) (2012).

The Act authorizes the CFTC to seek injunctive relief whenever it appears that a person or entity has engaged, is engaging, or is about to engage in any act or practice that violates the Act or CFTC Regulations. 7 U.S.C. § 13a-1(a); see also *CFTC v. Wilshire Inv. Mgmt. Corp.*, 531 F.3d 1339, 1343 (11th Cir. 2008). "Upon a proper showing, a permanent or temporary injunction . . . shall be granted without bond." 7 U.S.C. § 13a-1(b); see also *Wilshire Inv. Mgmt. Corp.*, 531 F.3d at 1343. To make a proper showing that injunctive relief is merited under Section 6c(a) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 13a-1(a), the CFTC must show a person violated and is likely to continue violating the Act, the latter of which "may be inferred from past unlawful conduct." *CFTC v. British Am. Commodity Options*, 560 F.2d 135, 142 (2d Cir. 1977); see also *CFTC v. Sidoti*, 178 F.3d 1132, 1137 (11th Cir. 1999).

The evidence of Defendants' fraud and misappropriation of pool participants' funds and their continued failure to return pool participants' funds, is highly suggestive of future violations of the Act.

Therefore, injunctive relief is necessary to prevent Defendants from continuing to defraud others and

from further attempting to evade regulatory scrutiny into their actions. Injunctive relief is also necessary to prevent the dissipation of Defendants' assets and the destruction of Defendants' books and records to preserve the CFTC's ability to obtain full and complete relief upon final adjudication of this action.

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that the Court enter an order of preliminary injunction:

- (1) prohibiting Defendants from:
 - a. in or in connection with any order to make, or the making of, any contract of sale of any commodity for future delivery, or swap, that is made, or to be made, for or on behalf of, or with, any other person, other than on or subject to the rules of a designated contract market to (A) cheat or defraud or attempt to cheat or defraud the other person; (B) willfully to make or cause to be made to the other person any false report or statement, or willfully to enter or cause to be entered for the other person any false record; or (C) willfully to deceive or attempt to deceive the other person by any means whatsoever in regard to any order or contract or the disposition or execution of any order or contract, or in regard to any act of agency performed, with respect to any order or contract for or with the other person in violation of Section 4b(a)(2)(A)-(C) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 6b(a)(2)(A)-(C) (2012);
 - b. by use of the mails or by any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, directly or indirectly, in or in connection with any retail forex transaction: (1) [t]o cheat or defraud or attempt to cheat or defraud any person; (2) [w]illfully to make or cause to be made to any person any false report or statement or cause to be entered for any person any false record; or (3) [w]illfully to deceive or attempt to deceive any person by any means whatsoever in violation of Regulation 5.2(b)(1)-(3), 17 C.F.R. §5.2(b)(1)-(3)(2019).
 - c. using the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, directly or indirectly, as a CPO or AP to (A) employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud any participant; or (B) engage in any transaction, practice, or course of business that operates as a fraud or deceit upon any participant, in violation of Sections 4*o*(1) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 6*o*(1) (2012);
 - d. failing to register as a CPO and operate or solicit funds, securities, or property for any pooled investment vehicle that is not an eligible contract participant in connection with retail forex contracts, agreements, or transactions in violation of Sections 4m(1) and 2(c)(2)(C)(iii)(I)(cc) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. §§ 6m(1) and 2(c)(2)(C)(iii)(I)(cc) (2012), and Regulation 5.3(a)(2)(i), 17 C.F.R. § 5.3(a)(2)(i) (2019);
 - e. failing to register as an AP of a retail forex CPO or permitting an AP of a retail forex CPO to remain unregistered, in violation of Section 4k(2) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 6k(2) (2012) and Regulation 5.3(a)(2)(ii), 17 C.F.R. § 5.3(a)(2)(ii);

- f. as a CPO, failing to operate its commodity pool as an entity cognizable as a legal entity separate from its operator, receiving participants' funds in any name other than that of the pool and commingling the property of any pool it operates with the property of any other person in violation of Regulation 4.20(a)-(c), 17 C.F.R. § 4.20(a)-(c)(2019); and
- g. as a CPO, failing to deliver or cause to be delivered to a prospective participant in a pool that it operates or intends to operate a disclosure document for the pool prepared in accordance with CFTC Regulations 4.24 and 4.25 by no later than the time it delivers to the prospective participant a subscription agreement for the pool in violation of Regulations 4.21, 4.24 and 4.25, 17 C.F.R. §§ 4.21, 4.24 and 4.25(2019).
- (2) Prohibiting Defendants Capson and Denari from willfully falsifying, concealing, or covering up by trick, scheme or artifice a material fact, or making any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or representations, or making or using any false writing or document kowing the same to contain any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or entry to a registered entity, board of trade, swap data repository, or futures association designated or registered under the Act and acting in furtherance of its official duties under the Act in violation of Section 9(a)(4) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 13(a)(4).
- (3) prohibiting Defendants from trading on or subject to the rules of any registered entity (as that term is defined in Section 1a of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 1a (2012));
- (4) prohibiting Defendants from entering into any transactions involving "commodity interests" (as that term is defined in Regulation 1.3(yy), 17 C.F.R. § 1.3(yy) (2014)) for their own accounts or for any account in which they have a direct or indirect interest;
- (5) prohibiting Defendants from (i) having any commodity interests traded on their behalf; (ii) controlling or directing the trading for or on behalf of any other person or entity, whether by power of attorney or otherwise, in any account involving commodity interests; or (iii) soliciting, receiving or accepting any funds from any person for the purpose of purchasing or selling any commodity interests;
- prohibiting Defendants from applying for registration or claiming exemption from registration with the Commission in any capacity, and engaging in any activity requiring such registration or exemption from registration with the Commission, except as provided for in Regulation 4.14(a)(9), 17 C.F.R. § 4.14(a)(9) (2019);
- (7) prohibiting Defendants from acting as a principal (as that term is defined in Regulation 3.1(a), 17 C.F.R. § 3.1(a) (2019)), agent or any other officer or employee of any person (as that term is defined in Section 1a(38) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 1a(38) (2012)) registered, exempted from registration or required to be registered with the Commission except as provided for in Regulation 4.14(a)(9), 17 C.F.R. § 4.14(a)(9) (2019);
- (8) requiring Defendants to file with the Court, within ten days of the date of the Court's order of preliminary injunction, a complete and accurate accounting of all of Defendants' assets and liabilities, wherever located, together with all funds Defendants received from and paid to others in connection with commodity futures transactions or purported commodity futures transactions;

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 I, Carlin Metzger, an attorney with the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, certify 3 that I served the CFTC's Motion for Preliminary Injunction upon counsel for Defendants listed below, 4 who have been representing Defendants in connection with the CFTC's investigation prior to the filing 5 of the CFTC's action against Defendants, via e-mail, on November 8, 2019. 6 7 Elizabeth Davis (Elizabeth.Davis@mmlawus.com) Brian Walsh (Brian.Walsh@mmlawus.com) 8 Murphy McGonagle 1001 G Street, N.W. 9 Seventh Floor 10 Washington, DC 20001 T: (202) 220-1933 (Davis) 11 F: (202) 661-7059 (Davis) 12 13 14 Date: November 8, 2019 Attorney for Plaintiff CFTC 15 16 /s/ Carlin Metzger Carlin Metzger 17 IL ARDC No. 6275516 (Pro Hac Vice) 18 Commodity Futures Trading Commission 19 525 W. Monroe St., Suite 1100 Chicago, IL 60661 20 (312) 596-0536 cmetzger@cftc.gov 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 Motion for Preliminary Injunction-8